



NACURE®

Catalyst Selection Guide

For Amino Crosslinked Coatings



NACURE® catalysts and the amino crosslinkers are best selected after the end use application and performance criteria have been determined. Clear definition of the end use will allow for easier crosslinker selection and proper catalyst selection, which will ultimately create specific performance results.

Common Amino Resin Crosslinkers*

Fully Methylated	Fully Alkylated	Highly Butylated	Highly Methylated	Partially Methylated
High Solids (HS)	Mixed Ether (HS)	Low-Med Solids	High Imino	Polymeric
Resimene ¹ 745, 747 Cymel ² 301, 303LF Luwipal ³ 066 Melcross ⁴ 03 CCP ⁵ MR-603	Resimene 751, 755 Cymel 1116, 1133 Luwipal 052 Melcross 11 CCP MR-2133	Resimene 881, 891 Cymel 1156 Luwipal 044 Melcross 22 Setamine ⁶ 19	Resimene 717, 718 Cymel 323, 325, 327 Luwipal 072, 073 Melcross 27 CCP MR-625	Resimene 730, 741 Cymel 370, 373 Luwipal 069

^{*}Trade name reference table is located on the back cover.

Table 1 - Amino Crosslinker Selection*

	Amino Crosslinker Type	Attributes				
	Fully Methylated (HMMM)	Crosslinking agents for hydroxyl, carboxyl and amide functional polymers. Advantages include low VOCs, high film flexibility and toughness, good stability, mar resistance and intercoat adhesion. Excellent exterior durability and good heat resistance.				
atalyst	Fully Alkylated	Longer chain length alkoxy sites impart lower viscosity, improved flow and leveling and intercoat adhesion properties.				
Use Strong Acid Catalyst	Highly Butylated	Butoxy sites impart improved flow and leveling and intercoat adhesion properties. Other advantages include high film flexibility and toughness when used with inherently flexible backbone resins, excellent stability and good mar resistance.				
Use Str	Benzoguanamines	Noted for their enhanced film flexibility, toughness, chemical resistance and detergent resistance.				
	Urea Formaldehyde	Noted for their fast cure, high strength and cost effectiveness.				
	Glycolurils	Noted for their film toughness and flexibility, adhesion to metals and good UV resistance.				
Catalyst	Highly Methylated	Advantages include fast cure response, high film hardness and low formaldehyde release on cure. Generally less flexible coatings and higher VOCs are experienced when used in solvent-based systems.				
Use Weak Acid Catalyst	Partially Methylated	Film performance similar to high imino resins above, however their major limiting factor is high formaldehyde release on baking, primarily due to their high free methylol content.				
Use V	Phenolic	Noted for their chemical resistance and commonly used for can coatings and drum linings.				

NACURE® Catalyst Selection

Acid Strength - A general recommendation for matching the strength of the acid to the resin crosslinker can be found on the tabs in *Table 1* on the previous page. In general, strong acid catalysts are needed for fully methylated, fully alkylated and highly butylated amino resin crosslinkers.

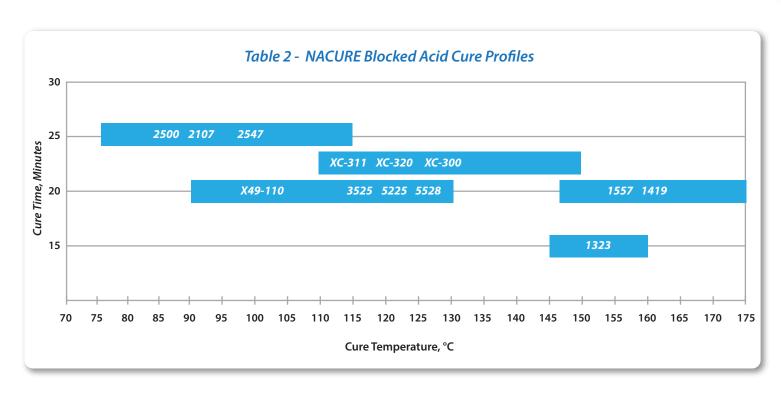
Hydrophilic Catalysts - Benefits include faster and lower temperature curing in systems crosslinked with the more monomeric melamines like HMMM. They are typically water soluble and are well suited for waterborne applications.

Hydrophobic Catalysts - Benefits include good water and salt spray resistance properties. They are soluble in a wide range of solvents, including non-polar aromatic and aliphatic solvents.

		NACURE Hydropho	bicity by Acid Type*		(
Hydrophilic	p-TSA	DDBSA	DNNDSA	DNNSA	U _v
lyarophilic	2500 2547	5225 5528	155 3525	1051 1323	Hy
		5076	X49-110	1419	~
	*King also offers phosphates				

NACURE Catalysts Cure Profiles

NACURE catalysts come in a wide variety of acid and blocked acid catalysts as seen in *Table 4* on *Page 5*. A blocked acid catalyst may be preferred depending on the system's storage stability requirements. Refer to *Table 2* for typical NACURE cure profiles.



NACURE catalysts are best selected after the end use application and performance criteria has been determined. Clear definition of the end use will allow for easier crosslinker selection and proper catalyst selection, which will ultimately create specific performance results. *Table 3* below is a selection tool to help pair the correct catalyst to the crosslinker. In addition, King also offers catalysts for benzoguanamine and phenolic crosslinkers.

Table 3 - Catalyst Selection

NACURE Selection

Amino Crosslinker Type	Trademarks*	Applications**	Best NACURE	
Fully Methylated High Solids (HS)	Resimene 745 Resimene 747 Cymel 301 Cymel 303LF Luwipal 066 Melcross 03 CCP MR-603	Coil Top Coat Coil Primer Can Exterior Can Interior General Industrial Appliance	1051, 1323, XC-311 1051, 1419, XC-300 155, 3525 5925 155, 3525, 2500 3525, 1953	Stro
Fully Alkylated Mixed Ether (HS)	Resimene 751, 755 Cymel 1116, 1133 Luwipal 052 Melcross 11 CCP MR-2133	Coil Top Coat Coil Primer Auto Top Coat Auto Base Coat Auto Primer	1051, 1323, XC-311 1051,1419, XC-300 5076, 5225, 2500 155, 3525, 2500, XC-320 155, 3525	Strong Acid Catalysts
Highly Butylated Low-Med Solids	Resimene 881, 891 Cymel 1156 Luwipal 044 Melcross 22 Setamine 19	Metal Decoration Auto Topcoat Wood Plastic	155, 3525 5076, 5225, 2500 155 155, X49-110	
Highly Methylated High Imino	Resimene 717 Resimene 718 Cymel 325 Cymel 327 Luwipal 072 Luwipal 073 Melcross 27 CCP MR-625	Auto Base General Industrial Wood Plastic Paper	XC-235, 4575 4054, 4167 XC-235, 4000 4000 4000	Weak Acid Cat
Partially Methylated Polymeric	Resimene 730 Resimene 741 Cymel 370 Cymel 373 Luwipal 069	General Industrial Wood Plastic Paper	4054, 4167 XC-235, 4000 4000 4000	d Catalysts

^{*}The registered trademarks above are listed on the back cover of this brochure.

**The applications listed in the table above are those commonly associated with the crosslinker type in the previous column.

	MA(Product	CURE % Active	Min. Cure	Attributes / Uses	PITO	Sol.	رثاً	Mood	Q'OQ'	rousile of the second
	155	55%	RT	General purpose catalyst. Excellent adhesion. Excellent water, detergent and salt spray resistance.	W, P, R	E				P, TC
DNNDSA	3525	25%	120°C	Blocked. Excellent solubility, good salt spray resistance and adhesion properties.	W, P, BC	MC	P, MC			P, TC
	X49-110	25%	90°⊂	Blocked. Best overall properties of the DNNDSA catalysts with excellent corrosions resistance and adhesion.	W, P, BC	MC				TC
p-TSA	2107	25%	90°C	Blocked. Ideal for textured coatings. Good metal mark resistance.			BC, MC			TC
<i>p</i> -	2500	25%	80°C	Blocked. Low temperature cure with excellent stability. Excellent color.	BC	E	BC, MC			тс
	1051	50%	RT	Best water and corrosion resistance. Good overbake and telegraph resistance. For high temperature applications.			P, MC			
ISA	1323	21%	150°C	Blocked. For high temperature applications. Excellent solubility. Good package stability.			P, MC			
DNNSA	1419	30%	150°C	Blocked. For high bake applications with good salt spray, detergent and boiling water resistance. Excellent adhesion.			P			
	1557	25%	150°C	Resolves solvent popping in thick films. Excellent humidity and detergent resistance.		E	P			P
	5076	70%	RT	Complies with FDA 21 CFR Sec. 175.300 (b) (3) xii & xiii (a&b) and EC directive 10/2011. Fast cure		I, E				
DDBSA	5225	25%	120°C	Blocked. Best solubility in high solids enamels with good performance in aliphatic solvents.	W, BC, CC, R		TC			
Ida	<i>552</i> 8	25%	120°C	Blocked. Broad solubility and excellent color stability.	W, BC, CC, R	TC				
	5925	25%	120°C	Blocked. Complies with FDA 21 CFR Sec. 175.300 (b) (3) xii & xiii (a&b)		I, E				
	4000	100%	80°C	A weak acid catalyst with broad solubility, good package stability and adhesion.				MC	∑ MC	
НАТЕ	4054	50%	80°C	A weak acid catalyst with excellent solubility and water resistance compared to other phosphates.				MC	∭ MC	P, TC
PHOSPHATE	4167	25%	80°C	Blocked. Neutralized weak acid catalyst with good solubility, water resistance and excellent stability.	CC			MC	∭ MC	P, TC
	4575	25%	100°C	Blocked. Amine neutralized catalyst with high gloss and superb storage stability with polymeric amino resins.				MC	∑ MC	

	NEW NACURE			Rit ^O	2		Mod Soft Harring	
	Product	% Active	Min. Cure	Attributes / Uses	42	<i>C</i>	Co	7 80, 1c
	XC-296B	28%	200°C	An acid catalyst designed for use in solventborne epoxy-free can coatings based on polyester/phenolic resin systems.		E , I	MC MC	
DDUCTS	XC-300	25%	150°C	Provides long storage stability for consistent cure response needed with basic pH anti-corrosive pigments.			P	P
NEW PRODUCTS	XC-311	50%	110°C	Novel catalyst designed to reduce the cure temperature of amino crosslinked systems.	BC		BC, MC	P, TC
	XC-320	50%	110°C	Formulated for water based systems to reduce cure temperature of amino crosslinked systems.	BC		P	

Choosing the correct *catalyst* will optimize a coating in several ways, including enhanced *cure speed*, improved *long term stability* and *film performance*. A wide variety of *strong and weak acid catalysts* are available from King Industries. We encourage our customers to work with our highly experienced technical service team to select the proper *catalyst* for their demanding *coatings application*.



NACURE® For Amino Crosslinked Systems

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Amino Crosslinker Tradenames

1. Resimene	INEOS
2. Cymel	ALLNEX
3. Luwipal	BASF
4. Melcross	P&ID Co.
5. CCP MR	ССР
6. Setamine	Nuplex

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